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THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA | OKANAGAN



OKANAGAN SENATE SECRETARIAT

Enrolment Services Senate and Curriculum Services

University Centre · UNC 322 3333 University Way Kelowna, BC · V1V 1V7 Tel: (250) 807-9259 · Fax: (250) 807-8007 http://www.senate.ubc.ca

SPECIAL MEETING of THE OKANAGAN SENATE

AGENDA

Wednesday 9 September 2009

4:00 pm to 6:00 pm

SSC 026 (Lecture Theatre) | UBC OKANAGAN CAMPUS

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. The Administrative Organization of Graduate Studies at UBC Okanagan
 - a. Background & Introduction (information, 30 minutes) Dr Jan Cioe
 - b. Public Forum (discussion, 45 minutes)

This time is set aside for non-members of Senate to express their views on Graduate Studies at UBC Okanagan and the recommendations as set out in the joint report of the Academic Policy Committee and the Nominating Committee.

c. Senate Consideration of Recommendations (approval, 45 minutes)

Non-members of Senate are welcome to remain present during Senate deliberations, but are reminded that only Senators may participate in debate and vote.

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Recommendation #1

That the Senate approves and recommends to the faculties that they approve the assignment of areas of responsibility for graduate students and graduate programs as listed above;

That upon approval of the faculties, the deans and Provost redistribute responsibilities for graduate students and graduate programs accordingly; and

That the Provost provide a status report to the Senate not later than the January 2010 Senate meeting on the implementation of this report.

Recommendation #2

That the Senate direct the Provost to establish an Office of Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies within the Office of the Provost as described above; and

That each faculty planning to offer a degree or degrees in Interdisciplinary Studies move to have such degrees created within their faculty.

Recommendation #3

That the Senate establish a Graduate Council with the composition and terms of reference recommended in this report; and that the body by that same name currently established in the College of Graduate Studies be discharged.

3. Adjournment

Circulated:

Joint Report to the Okanagan Senate from the Academic Policy and Nominating Committees

Provost's Recommendations and External Review, College of Graduate Studies

Excerpts Ss. 37, 40 from the *University Act*

Regrets: Nathalie Bomberg (250) 807-9259 or email nathalie.bomberg@ubc.ca
UBC Senates and Council of Senates Website www.senate.ubc.ca

Excerpts 37, 40 from the University Act [RSBC 1996] CHAPTER 468

Found at: http://www.bclaws.ca/Recon/document/freeside/--%20U%20-- /University%20Act%20%20RSBC%201996%20%20c.%20468/00 96468 01.xml# section40

{...}

Powers of senate of university named in section 3

- **37** (1) The academic governance of the university is vested in the senate and it has the following powers:
 - (a) to regulate the conduct of its meetings and proceedings, including the determination of the quorum necessary for the transaction of its business, and the election of a vice chair at least annually, who is to chair meetings in the absence of the president;
 - (b) to establish committees it considers necessary and, by 2/3 vote of its members present, to delegate to one or more committees those of its powers as it may determine;
 - (c) to determine all questions relating to the academic and other qualifications required of applicants for admission as students to the university or to any faculty, and to determine in which faculty the students pursuing a course of study must register;
 - (d) to determine the conditions under which candidates must be received for examination, to appoint examiners and to determine the conduct and results of all examinations;
 - (e) to establish a standing committee to meet with the president and assist the president in preparing the university budget;
 - (f) to consider, approve and recommend to the board the revision of courses of study, instruction and education in all faculties and departments of the university;

- (g) to provide for courses of study in any place in British Columbia and to encourage and develop extension and correspondence programs;
- (h) to provide for and to grant degrees, including honorary degrees, diplomas and certificates of proficiency, except in theology;
- (i) to recommend to the board the establishment or discontinuance of any faculty, department, course of instruction, chair, fellowship, scholarship, exhibition, bursary or prize;
- (j) to award fellowships, scholarships, exhibitions, bursaries and prizes;
- (k) to determine the members of the teaching and administrative staffs who are to be members of each faculty;
- (I) to make rules for the management and conduct of the library;
- (m) to establish policies regarding the conservation of heritage objects and collections that are owned by or in the possession of the university or any of its faculties, divisions, departments or other agencies;
- (n) to provide for the preparation and publication of a university calendar;
- (o) to make recommendations to the board considered advisable for promoting the interests of the university or for carrying out the objects and provisions of this Act;
- (p) to deal with all matters reported by the faculties, affecting their respective departments or divisions;
- (q) to establish a standing committee to consider and take action on behalf of the senate on all matters that may be referred to the senate by the board;

- (r) subject to the approval of the board, to enter into agreements with any corporation or society in British Columbia entitled under any Act to establish examinations for admission to the corporation or society, for the purpose of conducting examinations and reporting results, and those corporations or societies have power to enter into the agreements;
- (s) to make rules respecting the conduct and financing of examinations referred to in paragraph (r) and other examinations conducted by the senate under any other Act;
- (t) to make rules respecting the reporting of results of examinations referred to in paragraphs (r) and (s);
- (u) to set the terms of affiliation with other universities, colleges or other institutions of learning, and to modify or terminate the affiliation:
- (v) to establish a standing committee of final appeal for students in matters of academic discipline;
- (w) to establish a standing committee on relations with other post secondary institutions in British Columbia;
- (x) to require any faculty to establish an advisory committee consisting of students of the faculty and members of the community at large.
- (1.1) For the purposes of subsection (1), the academic governance and powers at the University of British Columbia are vested in
 - (a) the Okanagan senate for the purposes related to the parts specified under section 3.1, and
 - (b) the Vancouver senate for the purposes related to the parts of the university not specified under section 3.1.
- (2) A vice chair elected under subsection (1) (a) must not serve more than 2 consecutive terms.
- (3) No part of the cost of examinations referred to in subsection (1) (r) or (s) may be a charge on or be paid out of university funds.

(4) In this section, "university" means a university named in section 3 (1).

{...}

Powers and duties of faculty

- **40** A faculty has the following powers and duties:
 - (a) to make rules governing its proceedings, including the determining of the quorum necessary for the transaction of business:
 - (b) to provide for student representation in the meetings and proceedings of the faculty;
 - (c) subject to this Act and to the approval of the senate, to make rules for the government, direction and management of the faculty and its affairs and business;
 - (d) to determine, subject to the approval of the senate, the courses of instruction in the faculty;
 - (e) subject to an order of the president to the contrary, to prohibit lecturing and teaching in the faculty by persons other than appointed members of the teaching staff of the faculty and persons authorized by the faculty, and to prevent lecturing or teaching so prohibited;
 - (f) subject to the approval of the senate, to appoint for the examinations in each faculty examiners, who, subject to an appeal to the senate, must conduct examinations and determine the results;
 - (g) to deal with and, subject to an appeal to the senate, to decide on all applications and memorials by students and others in connection with their respective faculties;
 - (h) generally, to deal with all matters assigned to it by the board or the senate.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA | OKANAGAN

The Administrative Organization of Graduate Studies at UBC Okanagan

Joint Report to the Okanagan Senate from the Nominating and Academic Policy Committees 9 September 2009

Background on the Graduate Studies at UBC Okanagan

The development and delivery of graduate programs were new activities to UBC Okanagan when it opened in 2005, given Okanagan University College's previous focus on undergraduate teaching. As often happened during the planning phase, transition teams took the initiative to imagine doing things differently – where it made sense – at UBC Okanagan. Creating a College of Graduate Studies (CoGS) was seen as the optimal arrangement at the time. The "college" nomenclature evoked a collaborative and interdisciplinary approach to graduate programming while leaving behind any statutory or conceptual complications associated with the "faculty" construct. The current CoGS was established by the Interim Academic Governing Body and the Board of Governors and began operations with the rest of the campus in 2005.

Questions about Division of Responsibility and Authority

While much progress in establishing and offering graduate programs was made in a very short time, some conflicts soon arose between the faculties and CoGS. Under s. 40 of the *University Act*, RSBC 1996, c. 468, certain powers and duties are assigned to faculties. Because colleges are not defined in the *Act*, a college has only the powers and duties assigned to it by the University. A faculty may choose to delegate some of its statutory powers to a college, or it may choose to retain those powers itself. Some faculties reached agreement on arrangements for shared responsibility very quickly, while other faculties determined that they preferred to retain some faculty powers. CoGS quickly found itself in an inconsistent and often impractical situation.

It bears noting here that, had UBC Okanagan established a Faculty of Graduate Studies in the first instance, only some of the ambiguity would have been resolved. Rather than asking whether the College ought to have any of the powers of a faculty (because a faculty is automatically granted powers under the *Act*), the question would have become how to divide those powers between the graduate studies unit and the disciplinary faculties.

CoGS External Review

In late 2007, the Provost established a UBC Okanagan internal task force to review the College of Graduate Studies. Given the difficulty the task force was having coming to a resolution, the Provost initiated an external review of CoGS that was conducted in April 2008. External reviewers were Dr. Mark Dale, then the Dean of Graduate Studies & Research at the University of Alberta, and Dr. Carolyn Watters, Dean of the Faculty of Graduate Studies at Dalhousie University. In the external review report,

the reviewers noticed a lack of parallelism between the Vancouver campus (with its Faculty of Graduate Studies) and UBC Okanagan (with its CoGS) and noted that the term "College" carried "...a number of implications that may work against the unit." The report also identified several sources of tension, including a lack of clarity about the authority and responsibility of the graduate studies unit relative to that of the faculties. It was recommended that UBC Okanagan, through its Senate, unambiguously define (among other things) the authority of the graduate studies unit at UBC Okanagan. Reviewers also recommended that the College be converted to a faculty.

In October 2008, the internal task force was asked to respond to the recommendations proposed by external reviewers. The Provost thereafter forwarded the recommendations of the task force to the Deputy Vice-Chancellor. A majority of the task force supported the recommendation that CoGS be recast as a faculty and recommended that a committee of the Senate guide the transformation of the College. At the time, the Provost envisioned a special or ad hoc committee to undertake this work. After further discussion at the October 8, 2008 meeting of the Senate, it was determined that the Academic Policy Committee was best placed under its terms of reference to accept this task. The Committee was asked to report back to the Senate with its own recommendations prior to the May 2009 meeting of the Senate.

Between October 2008 and May 2009, the Academic Policy Committee reported to the Senate a total of five times (see the *Minutes of Senate*, November, December 2008; January, March, April 2009) and the Senate has granted several extensions to the Academic Policy Committee's reporting deadline on this complex and important matter. Senate requested that the Academic Policy Committee deliver a final report on this matter, including motions for consideration as necessary, not later than November 2009.

Academic Policy Committee Process

Early in its deliberations, the Academic Policy Committee took the decision to temporarily set aside the question of an appropriate name and unit classification for graduate studies. The Committee was mindful of the fact that both an external review of CoGS and the majority of the UBC Okanagan task force had recommended that the unit be reclassified as a faculty, but decided to approach the issue from a structural perspective.

Accordingly, the Committee decided to develop a list of the functions required throughout the life cycle of graduate programs and student enrolment in those programs and to determine where each function ought to reside at UBC Okanagan. The list of functions has evolved through discussion into the "Areas of Responsibility" table that appears later in this report.

Prime Objectives

Based on the principles articulated in the University's Academic Plan (see http://web.ubc.ca/okanagan/dvc/shared/assets/academic-plan956.pdf), the Committee recommends that any administrative structure for graduate programming at UBC Okanagan meet the following objectives:

- 1. Responds to the needs of students and ensures high quality learning outcomes as a primary driver;
- 2. Seeks efficiencies and eliminates redundancies;

- 3. Places areas of responsibility and authority where they are best positioned;
- 4. Adheres to existing policies and procedures that are UBC system-wide (e.g., Board policies, collective agreements, etc.);
- 5. Minimizes potential for conflict among various administrative offices across campus; and
- 6. Is easy to understand and negotiate.

Basic Structure: A Shared Responsibility Model

As the Committee considered the list of functions, a shared responsibility model emerged as opposed to placing exclusive responsibility for the identified functions / tasks with Graduate Studies or existing faculties. This model divided functions into two main categories:

- 1) administrative, service, and oversight functions; and
- 2) purely academic, learning, and research functions.

The Committee envisioned these two categories as being associated with Graduate Studies and existing faculties, respectively. It was important that neither entity should be allowed to dominate the administrative relationship, but each should have control over its functions as defined within the overall mandate.

Infused throughout are issues of financial and human resources that are essential for supporting these functions, but these were considered secondary to the extent that no policies or rules are violated. An essential component of the shared responsibility model is that there be mutual accountability where appropriate, and well-defined mechanisms for conflict resolution.

In some cases, an area of responsibility will clearly reside in one entity or another, whereas in other areas of responsibility there will need to be clear communication (at a minimum) and effective collaboration to ensure robust outcomes, in keeping with the objectives listed above that derived from Senate's mandate over academic issues.

GRADUATE STUDIES

FACULTIES

Student Recruitment and Admissions

- Promote Graduate Studies programs for UBC Okanagan
- Maintain web page for general information regarding application and admission standards
- Receive, screen, sort, and process applications (follow up with missing items; forward materials to programs; maintain files; track progress; remind program advisors of deadlines and deliverables)
- Ensure general policies and regulations are adhered to (TOEFL criteria, GPA calculations, transcript interpretation, assessment of credentials, fraud detection)
- Manage fee payments
- Send letters of decline to non-admitted students (a copy of each letter would be sent to the discipline faculty dean and to the primary supervisor)
- Manage appeals/exception requests/extraordinary circumstances (in collaboration with the discipline faculty dean)

- Develop promotional materials for programs
- Advertise and market programs
- Outreach efforts to attract best students
- Review applications and make decisions regarding preferred candidates for admission
- Quality assessment, prerequisite assessment, evaluation of referee letters, etc., as well as general due diligence (e.g., phone interviews of foreign candidates to check language skills)
- Report back to Graduate Studies regarding decisions (after confirmation from GS, communicate with admitted students)
- Maintain contact with admitted students and forward information kits (e.g., "Surviving Grad School")

Student Financial Assistance

- Develop and administer all financial aid instruments (scholarships, fellowships, grants, loans) that are open to all graduate students and are NOT employment related:
 - 1. instruction in process
 - 2. vetting of applications for competition
 - 3. creating and managing the selection committees
 - 4. notifying applicants
 - 5. liaison function with UBC Vancouver's Faculty of Graduate Studies
 - a. allocation of applicants for UBCO in major competitions
 - b. monitoring UBC-wide opportunities

- Endowment development
- Develop program-specific guidelines on overall financial packages for students (for competitiveness)
- Manage TA/RA opportunities in collaboration with Faculty Dean's Office (maintain strict adherence to work-related guidelines and union regulations, etc.) with reports to GS

- Liaise and coordinate with programs regarding discipline specific opportunities, especially as regards government requirements/limitations on scholarships
- Develop accommodations for students at financial risk

Student Progress Within Programs

- Student Orientation, i.e. "Welcome to Grad School"
- Workshops (Communication of University processes, etc.)
- Maintain files on student milestones (master checklist with supplementary forms and signatures) and appropriate sanctions
- Approve and track "leave of absence" requests in collaboration with Programs
- Administer withdrawal/dismissal requests
- Management of appeals (exemptions from the rules; resolution of conflicts relating to program; grades)
- Management of academic misconduct cases of students
- Ombudsperson services
- Approve committee membership and maintain files on internal and external appointments (and eligibilities)
- Convocation audits
- Foster and develop Graduate Culture & Community across faculties
- Final approval and uploading of thesis/abstracts into National Archives of Canada
- Track and maintain contact with alumni, perhaps through Alumni Relations

- Student Orientation Welcome to the Program and to the Department/Unit
- Workshops (TA training, Research protocols, Getting a Job, Professionalization)
- Develop mechanisms to keep track of student progress and to conduct effective advising (e.g., completion of course requirements, meeting critical timelines)
- Develop infrastructure to support student research
- In collaboration with Faculty Dean's Office, provide adequate office and laboratory space
- Initiate withdrawal/dismissal requests
- Approve and appoint faculty members to committees following GS regulations
- Recommend external examiners to Graduate Studies for approval
- Recommend students to the Senate for graduation (As such, the faculty dean signs parchments on behalf of faculty)
- Foster and develop Graduate Culture & Community within the faculty

Program Development

- Facilitate proposal development
- Provide interim proposal review and feedback
- Evaluate final program proposals for completeness and adherence to UBC Okanagan regulations and standards
- Provide consultation to the Faculty regarding program viability
- Undertake thorough "market" analysis regarding need and viability of the proposed program
- Undertake realistic assessment of faculty strengths and overall prospects for delivering a robust graduate experience for students
- Consult with Faculty Dean's Office
- Develop a comprehensive proposal including 5year growth model and realistic budget projections, as well as Education Plan that demonstrates feasibility of graduate program

- Coordinate with GS during program development
- Secure consultation reports
- Forward "final" proposals to Faculty-level Curriculum Committee and to GS for evaluation, feedback, and/or support
- Forward approved proposal to Faculty Council and to Dean's Office for discussion and consideration
- Faculty to deliver final proposal to Graduate Council
- NOTE: for new-to-UBC proposals, there is also a government (AVED) process, which should move in parallel but NOT in advance of internal approvals.

Program Administration

- Propose Guidelines, Rules, and Regulations that govern graduate programs at UBC Okanagan
- Develop standardized metrics to track quality and effectiveness of UBC O graduate programs
- Develop annual reporting requirements for programs
- Maintain data base on student placements after graduation
- Coordinate periodic program reviews (e.g., 5 years) in collaboration with the Faculty Deans and the Provost (should involve external review team)
- Make recommendations to Senate regarding discontinuance of programs that do not perform to standard
- Recommend to Senate requirements and expectations regarding: (1) faculty member participation in graduate education; (2) general make-up of various committees (e.g., supervisory, examination; defence); (3) minimum standards for 'satisfactory student progress'; (4) format of programs (e.g., research vs. course-based); (5) format of comprehensive examinations; (6) format of thesis defences; (7) format of written theses; scheduling and announcing of defences, UBC-wide formatting and standards for thesis

- Monitor and track effectiveness of various elements of the program
- Develop strategies for best learning outcomes, student satisfaction, short time to completion, and retention
- Monitor and ensure quality outcomes for every student by conducting student satisfaction surveys and by performing annual assessments of student progress (in conjunction with supervisors)
- Develop procedures for program delivery including: operational procedures of committees, expense reimbursements, qualifications of external examiners as well as how they can participate (i.e., in person, via telephone)

Decision Point #1

Motion:

That the Senate approves and recommends to the faculties that they approve the assignment of areas of responsibility for graduate students and graduate programs as listed above;

That upon approval of the faculties, the deans and Provost redistribute responsibilities for graduate students and graduate programs accordingly; and

That the Provost provide a status report to the Senate not later than the January 2010 Senate meeting on the implementation of this report.

Recommended Graduate Studies Unit Classification

As in many previous discussions about graduate studies, the "name" of the unit is not the pivotal issue, but the classification of unit within the academic-administrative organization of the campus and the University. It soon became clear from a functional perspective that there was a need for institutional consistency and fundamental standards and this, of necessity, required the centralization of common activities. At the same time, it was recognized that there would be a variety of different factors shaping graduate programs and practices that emanated from the disciplines within faculties. It was, moreover, recognized that under the *University Act*, those who actually delivered graduate programs were positioned within the faculties of the University.

A Reorganized College of Graduate Studies

After having reflected on the various possibilities – faculty, college, school, and office among them – the Committee is of the opinion that retaining the classification of a College of Graduate Studies would both support the achievement of the above-mentioned objectives and reflect the division of responsibilities as imagined in the above table. The College should continue to be administered by a dean.

Conflict Resolution Mechanisms

By clarifying that students and academic programs reside within faculties, the Senate could resolve many of the conflicts generated by jurisdictional overlap. This clarification would not, however, eliminate altogether the possibility of conflict in areas of common interest and shared responsibility. The identification of mechanisms for conflict resolution remains critical for the success of any graduate studies unit. Initially, the Provost would attempt to resolve such conflicts, guided by the table above and by policies approved by Senate; where a resolution is not attainable through this mechanism, the issue will be directed to the Graduate Council for ultimate decision by Senate as a whole.

Rationale for Retaining a College of Graduate Studies Rather than Creating a Faculty:

- Faculties have powers and duties as outlined in section 40 of the *University Act*. In the history of UBC Okanagan, limited power has been delegated from the faculties to the College of Graduate Studies. This is not the case in Vancouver where there is a Faculty of Graduate Studies that shares responsibilities with the disciplinary faculties which often results in disagreements over who has responsibility for what. At this point, there are faculties that do not wish to transfer their powers to another agency making the establishment of a faculty of graduate studies problematical.
- Faculty members would be appointed to only one faculty rather than having an appointment or membership in two separate faculties, which would be the case if a Faculty of Graduate Studies were established. This could conflict with the spirit of the collective agreement since graduate students are often an integral part of research program;
- The proposed model ought to reduce conflict by avoiding colliding powers residing in faculties and in Graduate studies, which has occurred at several other universities with the formation of a Faculty of Graduate Studies.
- The external reviewers' recommendation to create a Faculty of Graduate Studies to parallel the structure at UBC Vancouver was not seen as a compelling rationale. It does not resolve the issues of how to determine who performs what functions, nor does it articulate a conflict resolution process that ultimately includes Senate.
- Although a number of institutions have a Faculty of Graduate Studies, the proposed Graduate Studies model is also a fairly common arrangement across Canada.

Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies (IGS)

There has been understandable reluctance in the past to locate an interdisciplinary program within a single faculty, as this would seem to defeat its purpose. Members felt that interdisciplinarity, however, is rooted in the academic approach to a student's program of study rather than in the administrative organization of the campus. The Committee is also of the opinion that all degree programs, including graduate degree programs, ought to reside within faculties. Since asking more than one faculty to serve as an IGS student's "home" risks confusion and jurisdictional conflicts of exactly the type that generated the entire graduate studies discussion, the Committee recommends that each IGS student be assigned a single academic home in the faculty of the student's primary supervisor. IGS students, like all graduate students would benefit from the centralized support services. It is recommended that an Office of Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies be created. The Office would be headed by a Director holding a faculty appointment and who would have line reporting directly to the Provost. The Office would promote, co-

ordinate, and administer the IGS programs on behalf of the faculties and in coordination with the College for Graduate Studies.

To formalize the IGS program, the Committee recommends that the necessary graduate degrees in Interdisciplinary Studies (i.e., MA, MFA, MSc, and PhD as appropriate) be established in each faculty participating.

Decision Point #2

Motion:

That the Senate direct the Provost to establish an Office of Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies within the Office of the Provost as described above; and

That each faculty planning to offer a degree or degrees in Interdisciplinary Studies move to have such degrees created within their faculty.

Academic Oversight of Graduate Studies

Senate Establishment of a Graduate Council

The Committee also recommends that the Okanagan Senate establish a standing committee, called the Graduate Council, to consider matters related to graduate students and graduate programs. Operating similarly to a Faculty Council within a Faculty, the Graduate Council would consider proposals related to graduate students and graduate programs and make recommendations to the Senate through the normal approval process.

Example: To modify a graduate program requirement, a Faculty would develop a proposal in consultation with the College of Graduate Studies and approve it through the normal Faculty approval process. The Faculty would then submit the proposal to the Graduate Council for approval and submission to the Senate Curriculum Committee.

Recommended Composition

Elected Members:

7 members of Senate, one of whom must be a graduate student

Ex officio Members:

Provost (voting), who shall be Chair
Academic Vice-president (voting)
Dean of Graduate Studies (voting)
Dean or designate from each Faculty at UBC Okanagan (voting)
Director, Office of Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies (IGS) (voting)
Chancellor (voting)
President (voting)
Registrar or designate (non-voting)

Recommended Terms of Reference

To consider proposals from the Faculties and College of Graduate Studies and make recommendations to Senate or committees thereof on:

Academic Policy matters and academic regulations solely affecting graduate students or programs;

Admission & transfer policies for graduate students;

Program Enrolment targets for new and continuing graduate students;

Graduate awards policy and approval;

Graduate curriculum matters, including the creation of new, changes to, or discontinuance of graduate degrees, programs, or courses, and any associated policies; and

Any other matters relating to graduate education at UBC Okanagan.

Decision Point #3

Motion:

That the Senate establish a Graduate Council with the composition and terms of reference recommended in this report; and that the body by that same name currently established in the College of Graduate Studies be discharged.

Structure of the Graduate Council

The proposed Graduate Council membership is based in part on the existing Senate committee model and on other graduate studies bodies from across Canada and the governing Council/Committees of the two academic colleges at UBC Vancouver.

The Council's composition is a mixture of elected senators, the faculty deans or their representatives, and a few ex officio administrators/officers. The number of senate members was selected to offset the seven non-decanal or decanally appointed ex-officio seats.

In terms of its operation, the Committee foresees this group having both a coordinating and communicating role between the faculties for all matters relating to graduate education at UBC Okanagan. Individual faculties will send their faculty-specific graduate programs through the Council and then onwards through the Senate approval system. This will work to ensure a reasonable degree of coordination between graduate endeavours while still allowing for the overall coordination of the University's curriculum, academic regulations, and admissions standards at the Senate level.

The relation between the IGS and the Graduate Council will be more complex. Because of the inherent cross-faculty nature of the IGS program, the Graduate Council will have a more directive role in changes to and the administration of Interdisciplinary Graduate Studies. The Committee expects that the Graduate Council will consider and make recommendations for any necessary changes to the IGS program to both the faculties and the Senate. While each faculty will retain the formal offering of their own IGS program, the Committee recommends that each of these programs be kept identical, and that if a faculty wishes to change the nature of IGS in their academic unit in a way that does not function with the overall framework or with the other faculties, that they instead create a new graduate degree that is more disciplinarily specific so that IGS can be preserved as a cross-campus program.